

Using RADIUS Authentication for Remote Access VPN

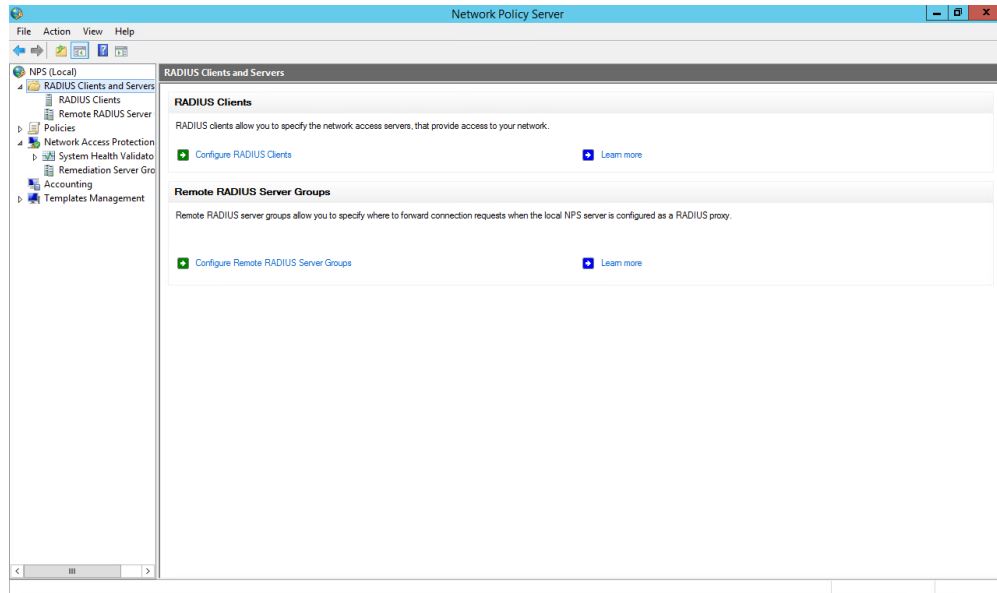
This guide will show step by step instructions for configuring Remote Access VPN to utilize RADIUS authentication. There is also an appendix that includes instructions for integrating DUO MFA with a Check Point Remote Access Gateway.

We will use the following:

- R80.10 Security Management Server
- R80.10 Gateway running NGTX
- Windows Server 2012 for the RADIUS Server
- Windows Server 2012 for the DUO Proxy Server

Step 1: Configure your RADIUS connection on the Windows Server Side.

1. Open the Network Policy Server snap in. This should have been installed/enabled when you added the server as Network Policy Server.



2. Create a RADIUS client by right clicking RADIUS clients and selecting “New”. You will receive the following window shown below.

The screenshot shows the 'New RADIUS Client' dialog box with the 'Advanced' tab selected. The 'Enable this RADIUS client' checkbox is checked. Below it is an unchecked checkbox for 'Select an existing template:' followed by a dropdown menu. The 'Name and Address' section contains a 'Friendly name:' field and an 'Address (IP or DNS):' field with a 'Verify...' button. The 'Shared Secret' section has a 'Select an existing Shared Secrets template:' dropdown menu set to 'None'. A text block explains that clicking 'Manual' allows manual entry of a shared secret, while 'Generate' automatically generates one. The 'Manual' radio button is selected, and there are empty text boxes for 'Shared secret:' and 'Confirm shared secret:'. 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom.

3. Fill out the relevant information and take note of the “Shared Secret” you create as you will need it later.

This screenshot shows the same 'New RADIUS Client' dialog box, but now filled with data. The 'Friendly name' field contains 'Check Point Remote Access VPN'. The 'Address (IP or DNS)' field contains '10.' followed by a redacted IP address. The 'Manual' radio button remains selected. The 'Shared secret:' and 'Confirm shared secret:' fields are filled with a series of dots, indicating that a shared secret has been generated. The 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are still present at the bottom.

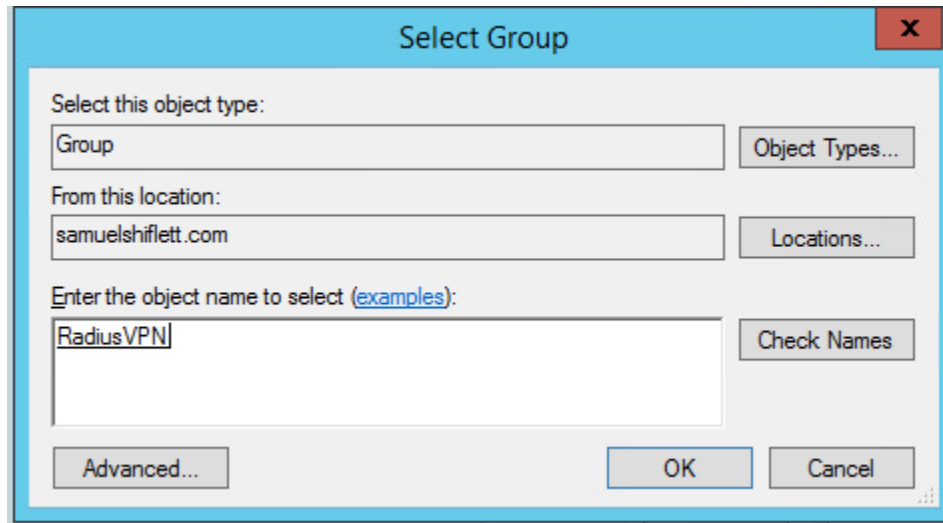
- Click "OK" and proceed to the Network Policy Server window. Right click on "Network Policies" and select "New".

The screenshot shows the 'New Network Policy' dialog box with the title 'Specify Network Policy Name and Connection Type'. The main heading is 'Specify Network Policy Name and Connection Type'. Below the heading is a sub-heading 'Policy name:' followed by a text input field. Underneath is the 'Network connection method' section, which includes a description: 'Select the type of network access server that sends the connection request to NPS. You can select either the network access server type or Vendor specific, but neither is required. If your network access server is an 802.1X authenticating switch or wireless access point, select Unspecified.' There are two radio button options: 'Type of network access server:' (selected) and 'Vendor specific:'. The 'Type of network access server:' option has a dropdown menu currently showing 'Unspecified'. The 'Vendor specific:' option has a numeric spinner set to '10'. At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: 'Previous', 'Next', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

- Enter a name for your policy and leave the network access server field "Unspecified". Then click "Next" on the Specify Conditions page select "Add".

The screenshot shows the 'New Network Policy' dialog box with the title 'Specify Conditions'. The main heading is 'Specify Conditions'. Below the heading is a sub-heading 'Select condition' and a description: 'Specify the conditions that determine whether this network policy is evaluated for a connection request. A minimum of one condition is required.' The main area is a list of conditions under the heading 'Select a condition, and then click Add.' The conditions listed are: 'Windows Groups' (The Windows Groups condition specifies that the connecting user or computer must belong to one of the selected groups.), 'Machine Groups' (The Machine Groups condition specifies that the connecting computer must belong to one of the selected groups.), 'User Groups' (The User Groups condition specifies that the connecting user must belong to one of the selected groups.), and 'Location Groups' (The HCAP Location Groups condition specifies the Host Credential Authorization Protocol (HCAP) location groups required to match this policy. The HCAP protocol is used for communication between NPS and some third party network access servers (NASs). See your NAS documentation before using this condition.). There are also 'Add...' and 'Cancel' buttons at the bottom right of the list. At the bottom of the dialog are four buttons: 'Previous', 'Next', 'Finish', and 'Cancel'.

6. Select “Windows Groups” and then select “Add Groups”. Enter your group name and click “Check Names”:



Select Group

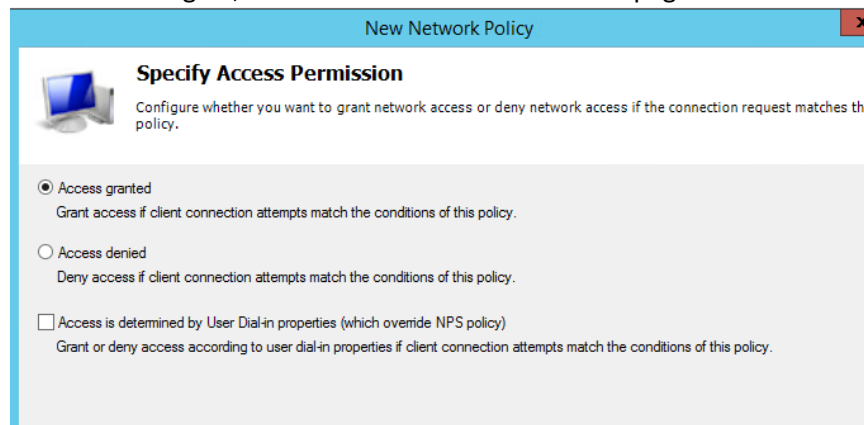
Select this object type:
Group Object Types...

From this location:
samuelshiflett.com Locations...

Enter the object name to select (examples):
RadiusVPN Check Names

Advanced... OK Cancel

7. Click “OK” and then “OK” again, then select “Next”. On the next page select “Access granted”.



New Network Policy

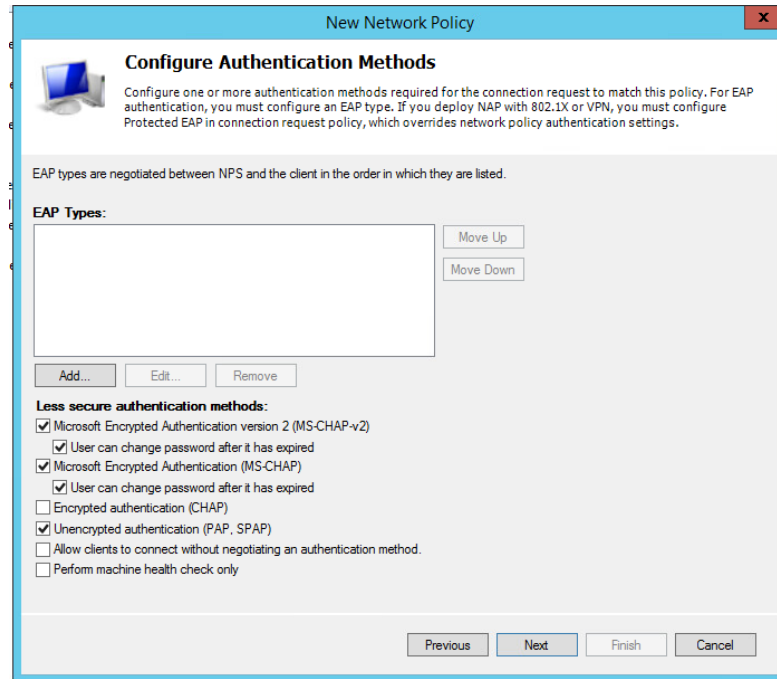
Specify Access Permission
Configure whether you want to grant network access or deny network access if the connection request matches this policy.

Access granted
Grant access if client connection attempts match the conditions of this policy.

Access denied
Deny access if client connection attempts match the conditions of this policy.

Access is determined by User Dial-in properties (which override NPS policy)
Grant or deny access according to user dial-in properties if client connection attempts match the conditions of this policy.

8. Click "Next". For authentication methods ensure that at least MS-CHAP-v2 or PAP are checked.

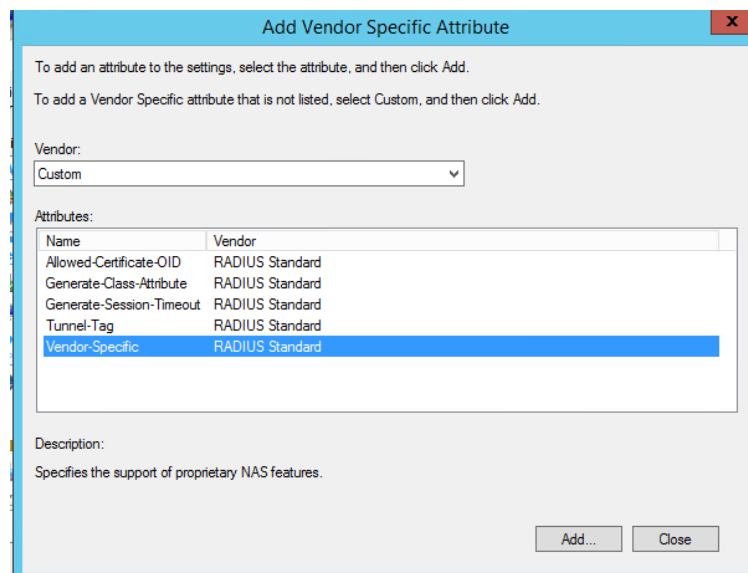


9. Click "Next". Select any additional constraints you'd like to add such as time of day restrictions.

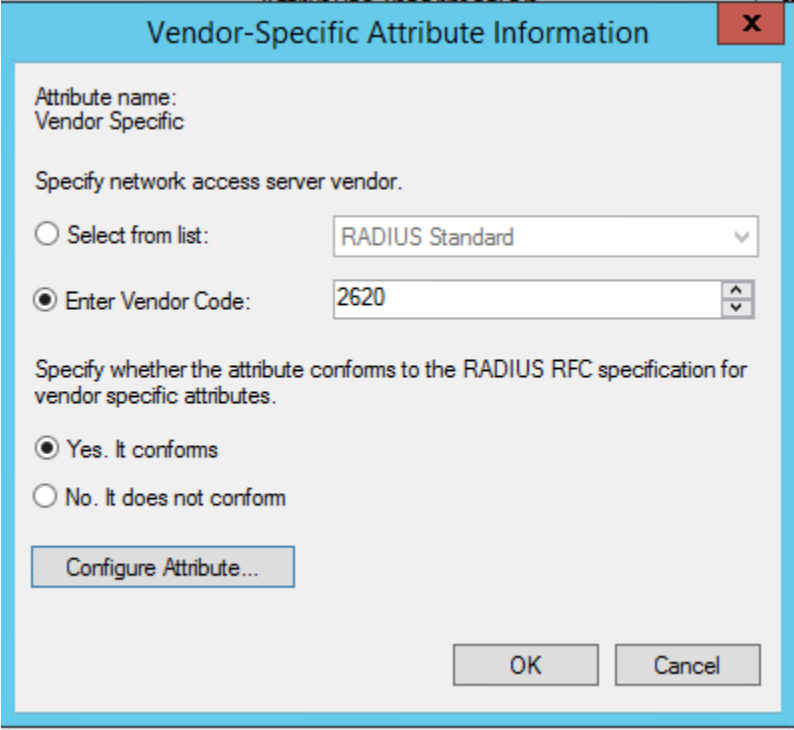
10. Select "Vendor Specific" and click "Add".

11. Click "Add" on the next window.

12. Change the Vendor to Custom and select "Vendor-Specific". Click "Add" again.



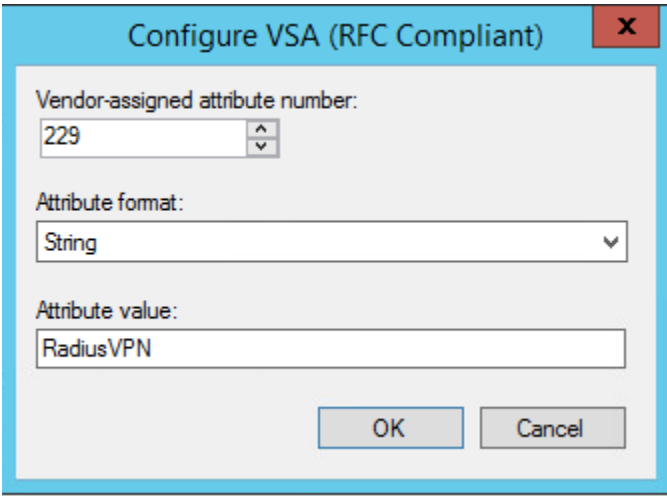
13. Click “Add” again. Change the radio button to Enter Vendor Code and enter “2620”. Select “Yes. It Conforms.” Then click “Configure” attribute.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Vendor-Specific Attribute Information" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains the following fields and options:

- Attribute name: Vendor Specific
- Specify network access server vendor:
 - Select from list: RADIUS Standard (dropdown menu)
 - Enter Vendor Code: 2620 (text input with up/down arrows)
- Specify whether the attribute conforms to the RADIUS RFC specification for vendor specific attributes:
 - Yes. It conforms
 - No. It does not conform
- Buttons: "Configure Attribute...", "OK", and "Cancel".

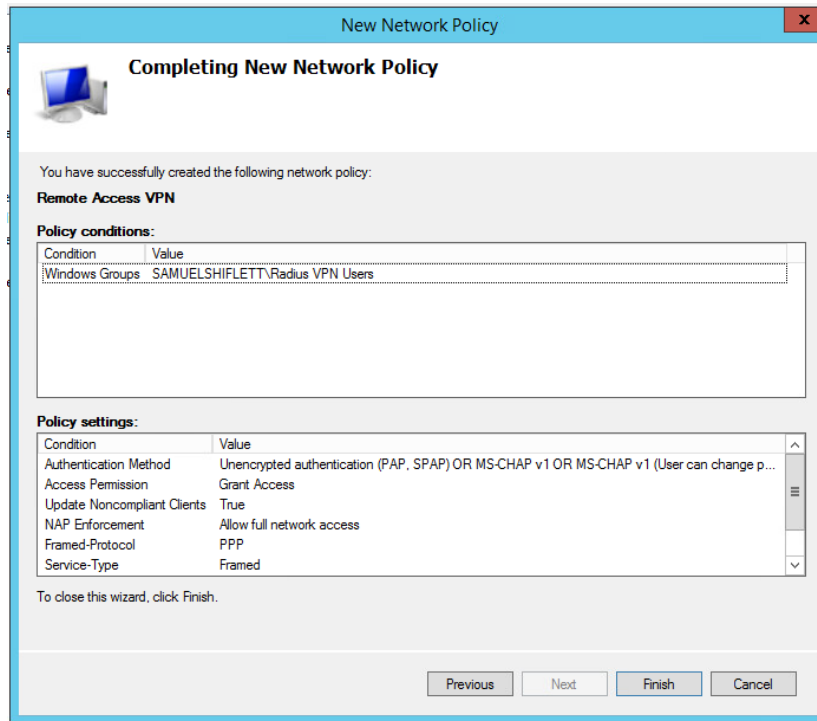
14. Enter “229” for the attributed number, select String for the attribute format and enter the name of the group you created. **This attribute name can’t contain spaces.**



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Configure VSA (RFC Compliant)" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains the following fields and options:

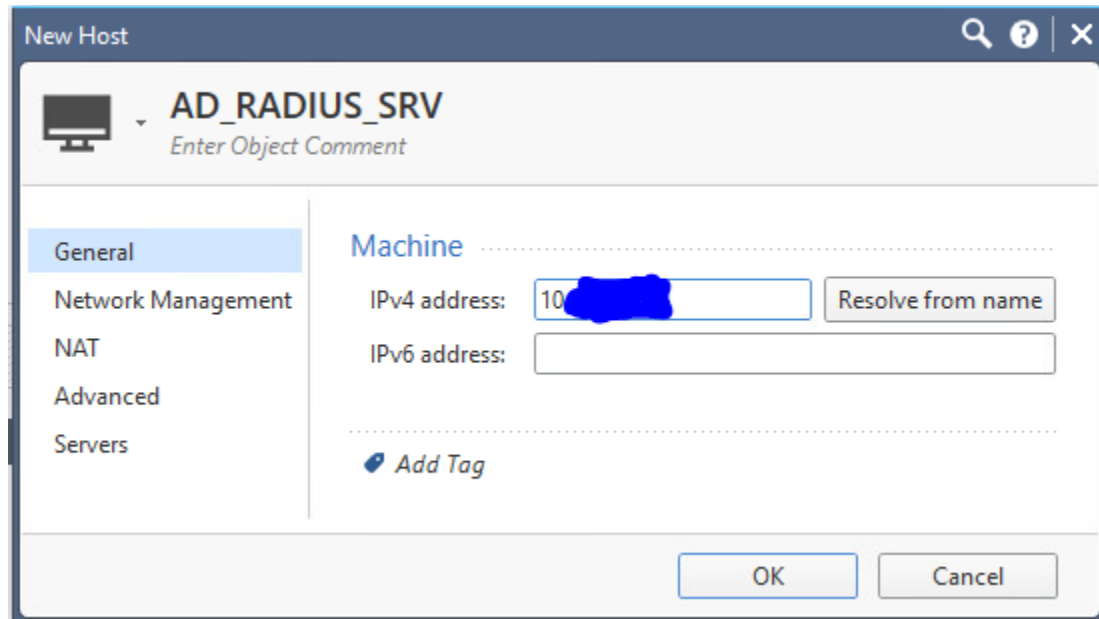
- Vendor-assigned attribute number: 229 (text input with up/down arrows)
- Attribute format: String (dropdown menu)
- Attribute value: RadiusVPN (text input)
- Buttons: "OK" and "Cancel".

15. Click “OK” three times and then select “Next”. Verify your settings and click “Finish”.



Step 2: Configure RADIUS Authentication for Remote Access VPN in SmartConsole

1. Create a host object for the RADIUS server.



2. Create a RADIUS Server object.

The screenshot shows the 'New RADIUS' configuration window. The object name is 'AD_RADIUS_AUTH'. The 'General' tab is active, showing the following settings:

- Host: AD_RADIUS_SRV
- Service: RADIUS
- Shared secret: [masked]
- Version: RADIUS Ver. 2.0
- Protocol: MS_CHAP2
- Priority: 1

There is an 'Add Tag' button and 'OK'/'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

3. Create an empty group with the name "RAD_yourattributename." This needs to match the attribute name you specified in 1.14.

The screenshot shows the 'User Group' configuration window. The object name is 'RAD_RadiusVPN'. The 'Mailing List Address' field is empty. Below it is a search bar with a magnifying glass icon and the text 'Search...'. A table with columns 'Name' and 'Comments' is shown, containing the text 'No items found'. There is an 'Add Tag' button and 'OK'/'Cancel' buttons at the bottom.

4. Publish your changes and close SmartConsole. **It is recommended to take backup of your SMS prior to making the following changes.**
5. Open GuiDBEdit.

- Change `add_radius_groups` value under Global Properties > Properties > `firewall_properties` to true.

The screenshot shows the Check Point Database Tool interface. The left pane displays a tree view of database objects, with 'Global Properties > Properties > firewall_properties' selected. The main pane shows a table with columns: Object Name, Class Name, and Last Modify Time. The 'firewall_properties' object is highlighted. An 'Edit' dialog box is open over the table, showing the 'Value' field set to 'true'. The table below the dialog lists various fields and their values.

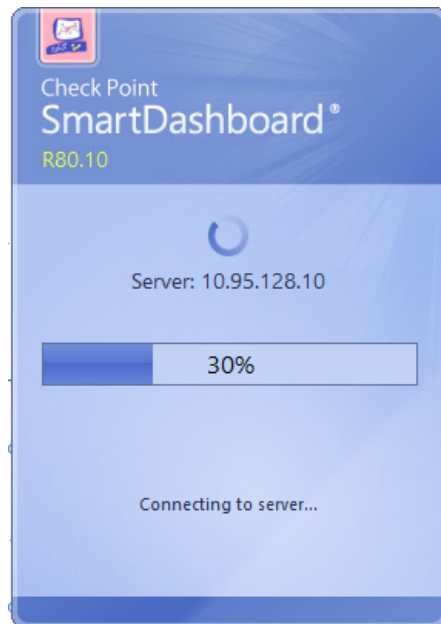
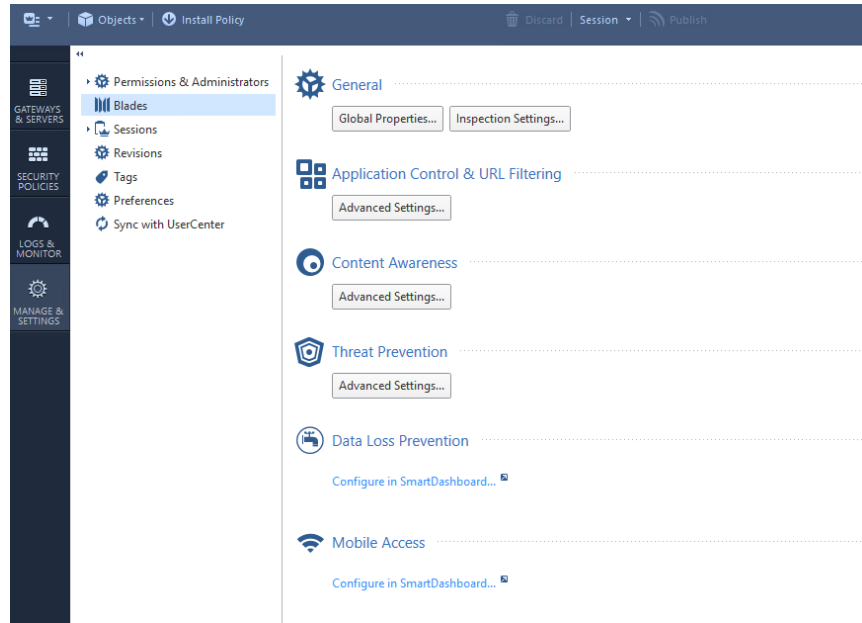
Field Name	Type	Value	Default Value	Field description
Softwareloader	string	Softwareloader	Softwareloader	Software loader
VPN_configuration_mode	string	communities	communities	VPN Configuration Mode
accept_domain_tcp	boolean	false		accept_domain_tcp
accept_domain_udp	boolean	false		accept_domain_udp
accept_fw1_connections	boolean	false		accept_fw1_connections
accept_icmp	boolean	false		accept_icmp
accept_outgoing	boolean	false		accept_outgoing
accept_outgoing_to_cp_services	boolean	true		accept_outgoing_to_cp_services
accept_outgoing_to_cp_services_p	string	before last	(first,last,before last)	accept_outgoing_to_cp_services_p
accept_ip	boolean	false		accept_ip
acceptdecrypt	boolean	true	true	Enable Accept on Decrypt for Gateway to G...
actions_limit_on	boolean	false		If true, the actions limit will be applied
active_resolver	boolean	true	true	active_resolver
add_ip_alt_name_for_JCA_certs	boolean	true	true	add_ip_alt_name_for_JCA_certs
add_ip_alt_name_for_opsec_certs	boolean	false		add_ip_alt_name_for_opsec_certs
add_nt_groups	boolean	false		add_nt_groups
add_radius_groups	boolean	false		add_radius_groups
addresses	boolean	false		addresses
admin_expiration_global_data	owned object	admin_expiration_global_data	{admin_expiration_global_data,NULL}	admin_expiration_global_data

- Change the `radius_groups_attr` from 25 to 26. Save your changes and exit GUIDBedit.

The screenshot shows the Check Point Database Tool interface. The left pane displays a tree view of database objects, with 'Global Properties > Properties > firewall_properties' selected. The main pane shows a table with columns: Object Name, Class Name, and Last Modify Time. The 'firewall_properties' object is highlighted. An 'Edit' dialog box is open over the table, showing the 'Value' field set to '26'. The table below the dialog lists various fields and their values.

Field Name	Type	Value	Default Value
r_access_enable_p	string	first	first
r_accessible	boolean	true	true
radius_connect_timeout	unumber	120	120
radius_groups_attr	number	25	0-255
radius_ignore	container		0-255
radius_retrant_num	unumber	2	0-uint_max
radius_retrant_timeout	unumber	5	0-uint_max
radius_send_framed	boolean	false	

8. Reopen SmartConsole. Click on “Manage and Settings” followed by “Blades” and then click “Configure in SmartDashboard.” The legacy SmartDashboard client will open.



9. Click on the user icon in the Object Explorer in the bottom left. Then right click “External User Profiles” and select “New External User Profile > Match all users”.

External User Profile Properties

This External User Profile will apply to all users which are not defined in the internal Users Database or any known LDAP Account Unit and do not match any other External User Profile.

External User Profile name: Black ▾

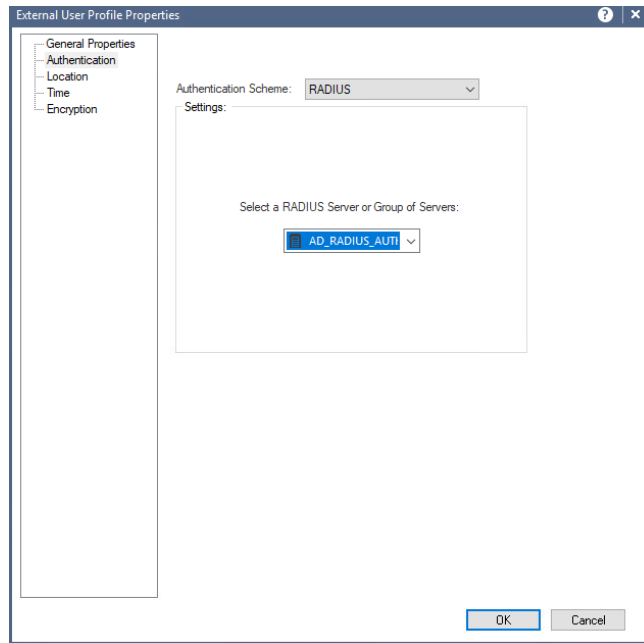
Comment:

Expiration Date: _____

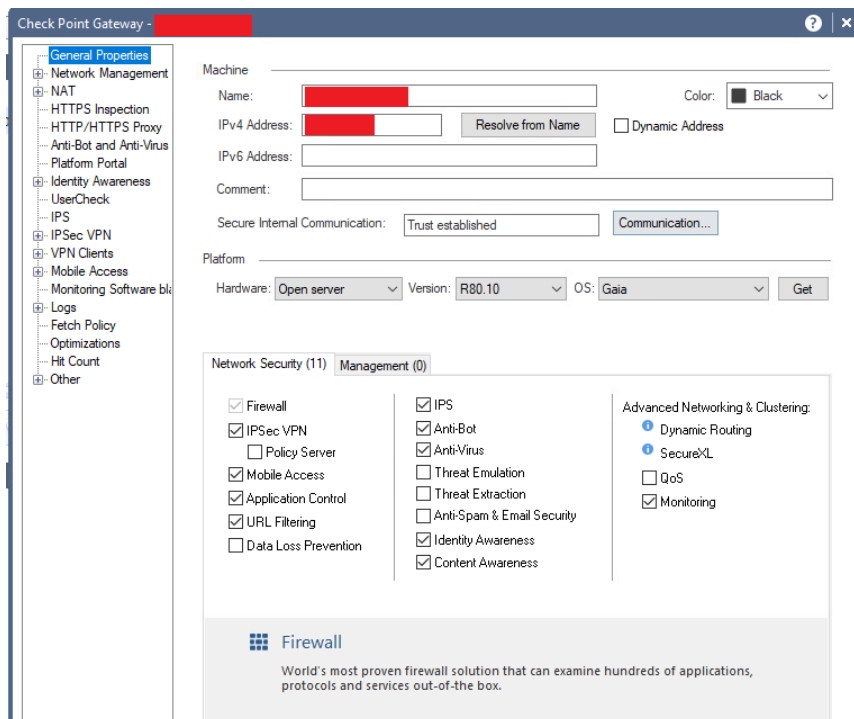
Expiration Date: (m/d/yyyy)

OK Cancel

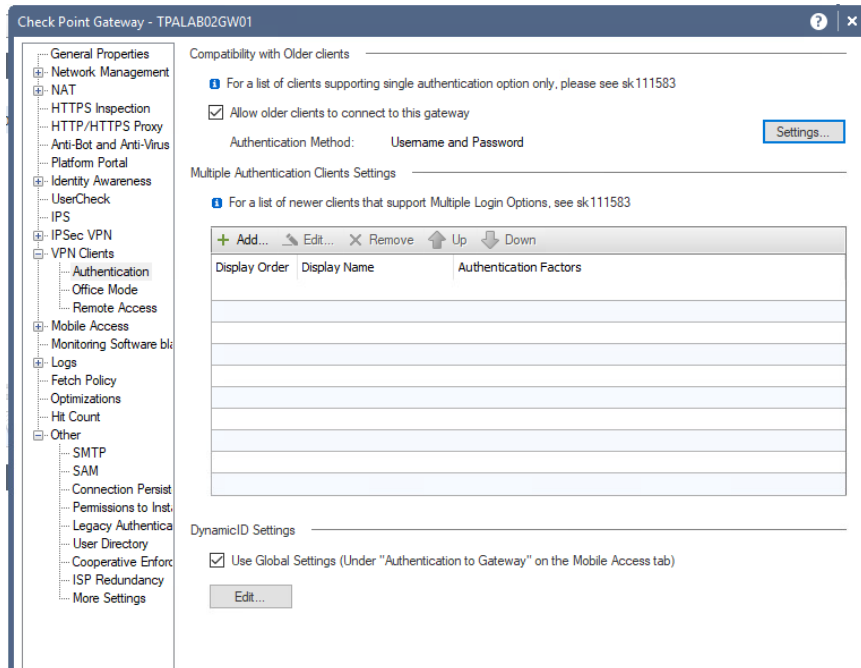
10. Select “Authentication” and change the Authentication Scheme to RADIUS. Then select the RADIUS server object you created in 2.2.



11. Click “OK” and save your changes. Then close the SmartDashboard window.
12. In SmartConsole, open the gateway object for your Remote Access VPN Gateway.

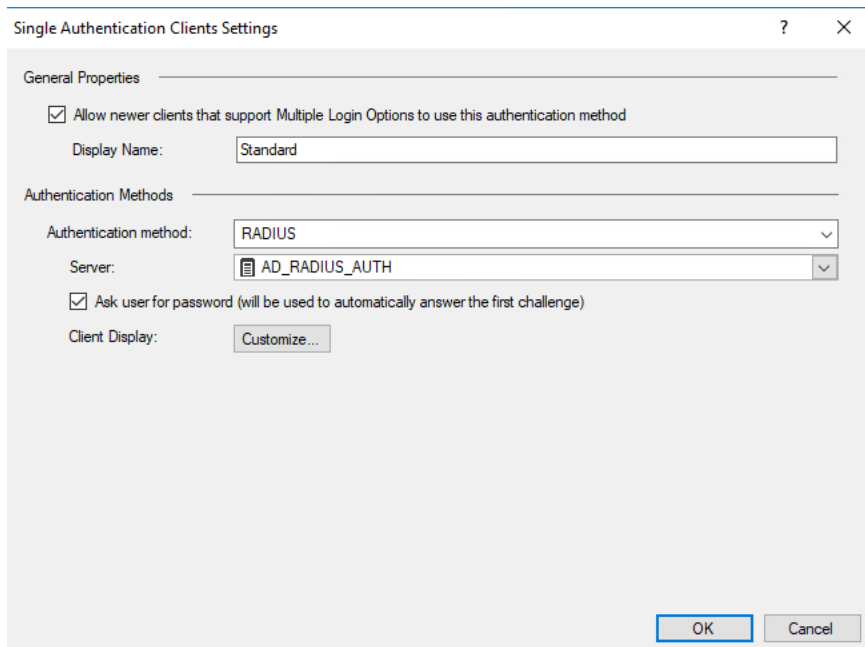


13. Select “VPN Clients” and expand the menu. Then click “Authentication”.



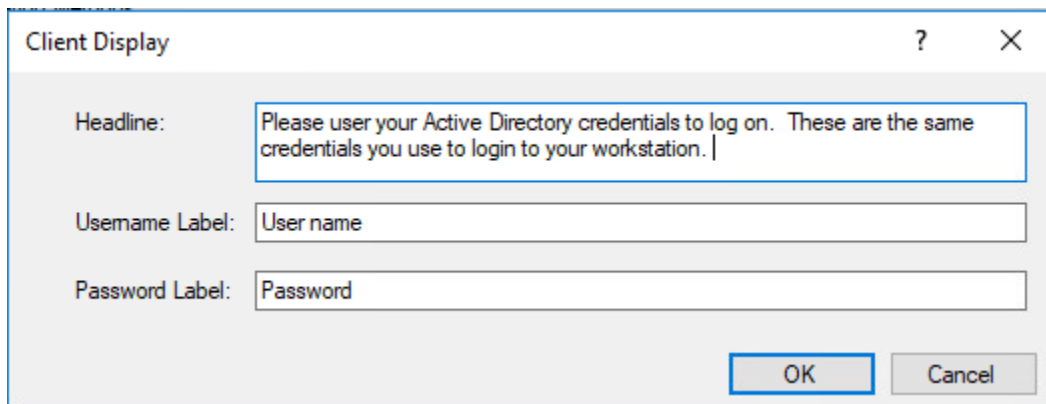
These settings will depend on what version of Endpoint Security/Endpoint connect you have installed, new versions (E80.65 and above support multiple authentication schemes). This guide will utilize the single authentication only option with RADIUS as the authentication method.

14. Check the box “Allow newer clients that support Multiple Login Options to use this authentication method” and then click “Settings”.



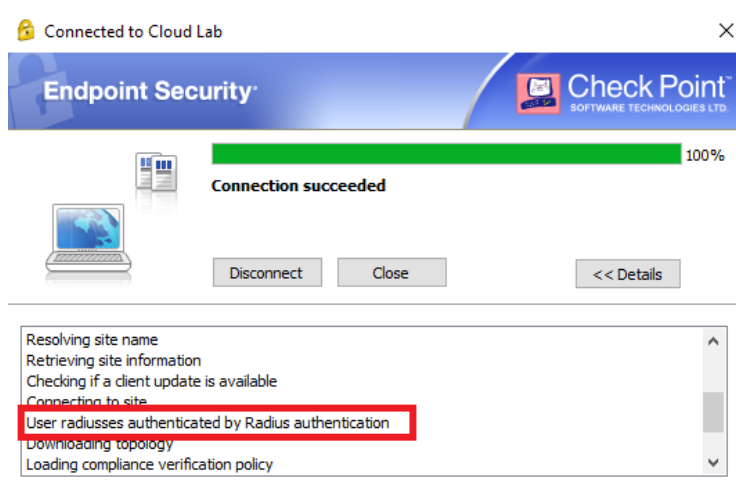
If you are using clients above E80.65 check the top box “Allow newer clients that support Multiple Login Options to use this authentication method. The display name is what your users will see.

15. Change the authentication method to RADIUS and select the server you created in 2.2 as the server.
16. Check the box that says “Ask user for password (will be used to automatically answer the first challenge”. If you leave this unchecked, your end user will be prompted for a username, then a password and they will need to complete two prompts instead of one.
17. Customize what fields your end user sees and the instructions they receive by clicking on “Customize”.



18. Click “OK” on each open window and install policy to the Remote Access gateway.

Your users should now be able to authenticate via their Active Directory Credentials and RADIUS:



Troubleshooting

If you are unable to authenticate, walk through this guide again and verify the following:

- IP Addresses
- Generic* user profile configuration
- Authentication settings on the gateway object
- Verify connectivity from the gateway to the RADIUS server.
- You may need to add rules to the gateway and other network devices to allow this communication over port 1812.
- You can also verify that the RADIUS request is being sent by the gateway using “tcpdump -nni *interfacename* host *yourradiusserver*” as you attempt the connection.
- If there is latency or a delay while the gateway waits for a response from the RADIUS server, you may need to increase the timeout according to sk112933. It is recommended to contact TAC for assistance before performing this change to verify that the connection is timing out.
- Verify that the user belongs to the proper security group that you specified in 1.6.
- Check the logs for why the authentication failed. The RADIUS server may not be responding, or the user may not be authorized. The log entry should tell you what caused the failure.

Appendix: Using DUO MFA as a RADIUS Server for Remote Access VPN Authentication

This guide can easily be adapted to use a third-party RADIUS server (in this case DUO). DUO is typically deployed with a proxy server running on either Linux or Windows Server. In our case we will use a DUO proxy server running Windows Server 2012 R2. The specific steps for configuring the proxy can be found here:

<https://duo.com/docs/checkpoint?ikey=DIRUR3RRWHRDVFC84VDS&host=api-b7f86f92.duosecurity.com#overview>

The above guide provides the majority of the steps for configuring the DUO and the Check Point configuration. However, it is designed for Mobile Access. The rest of this guide will assume that the DUO proxy server has already been configured to authenticate to DUO with an AD client as the primary factor:

```

; Complete documentation about the Duo Auth Proxy can be found here:
; https://duo.com/docs/authproxy\_reference

; MAIN: Include this section to specify global configuration options.
; Reference: https://duo.com/docs/authproxy\_reference#main-section
[main]
debug=true

; CLIENTS: Include one or more of the following configuration sections.
; To configure more than one client configuration of the same type, append a
; number to the section name (e.g. [ad_client2])

[ad_client]
host=
service_account_username=
service_account_password=
search_dn=CN=Users,
security_group_dn=

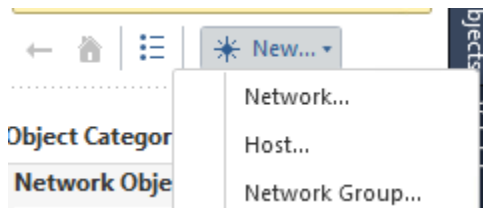
; SERVERS: Include one or more of the following configuration sections.
; To configure more than one server configuration of the same type, append a
; number to the section name (e.g. radius_server_auto1, radius_server_auto2)

[radius server auto]
ikey=
skey=
api_host=
radius_ip_1=
radius_secret_1=
failmode=secure
client=ad_client
port=1812

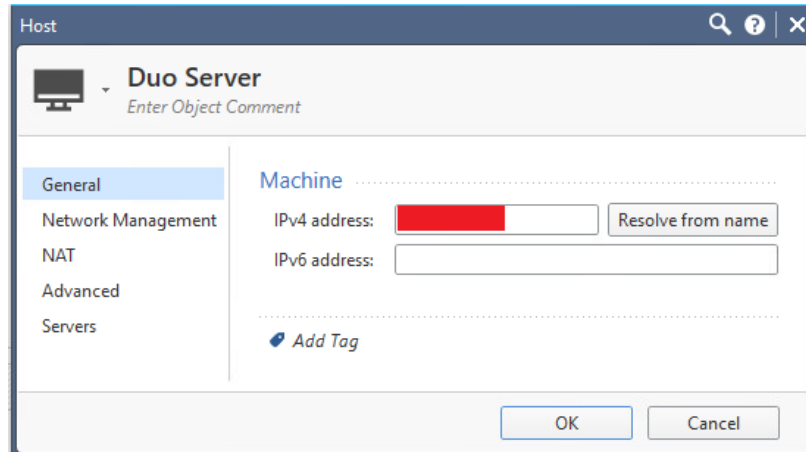
```

Configuring a Check Point Gateway to use DUO

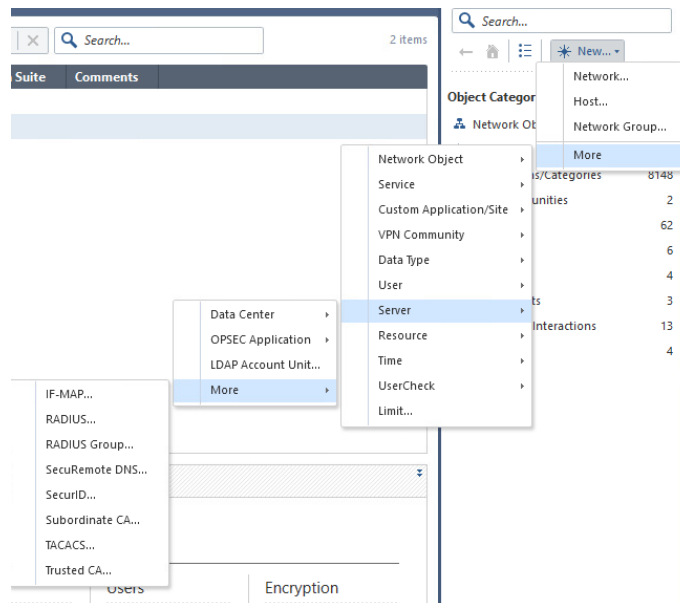
1. Create a new host by selecting New... > Host... in the Object Explorer.



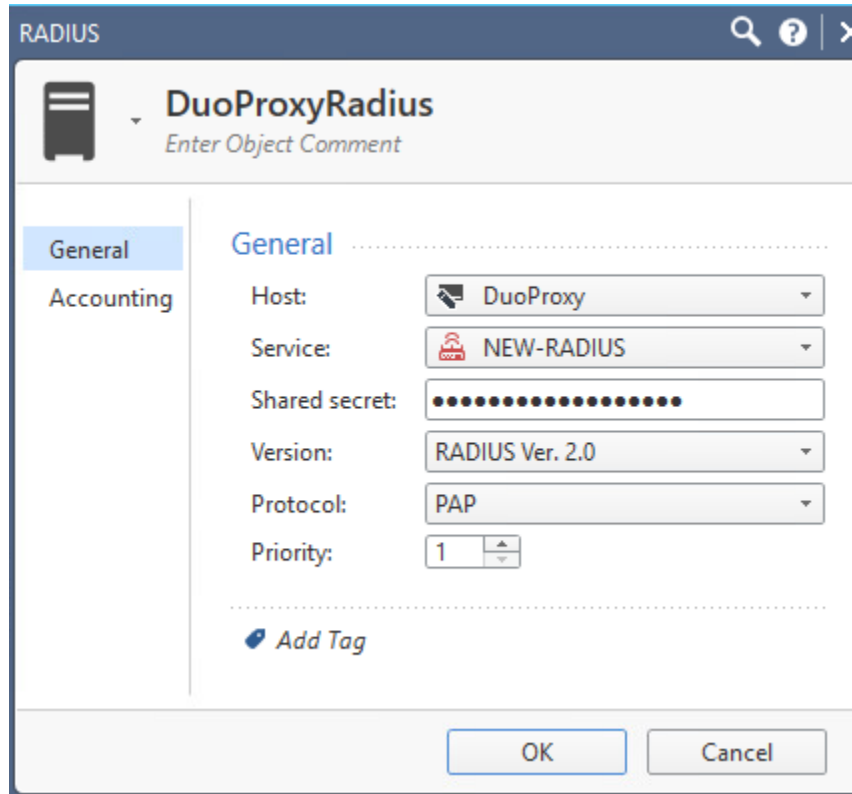
2. Fill in the Name and IP address of the DUO proxy server. Click OK.



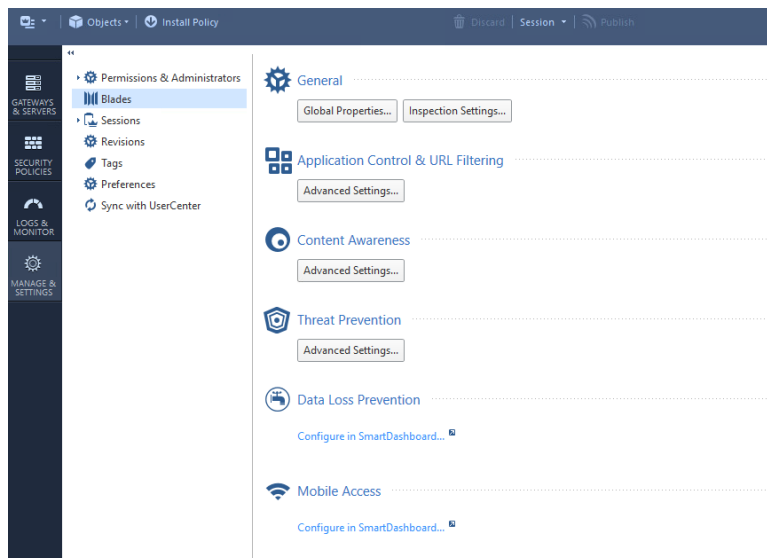
3. Create a RADIUS server object by clicking "New.. > More... > Server > More > RADIUS" in the Object Explorer.

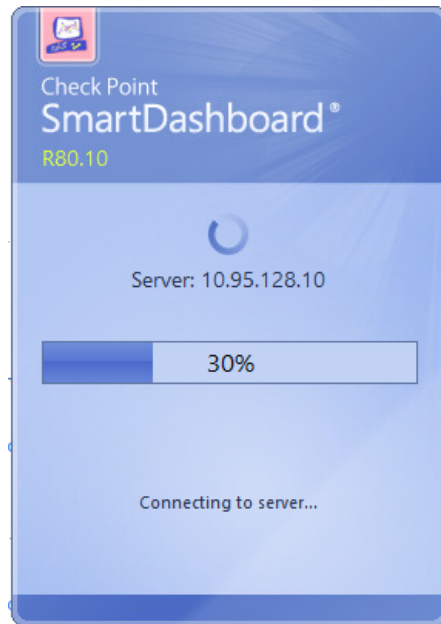


4. Select the Host you created in Step 2 as the Host. The Service must be NEW-RADIUS. The Shared secret was configured in the DUO proxy configuration file. Select RADIUS Ver 2.0 and PAP as the protocol.

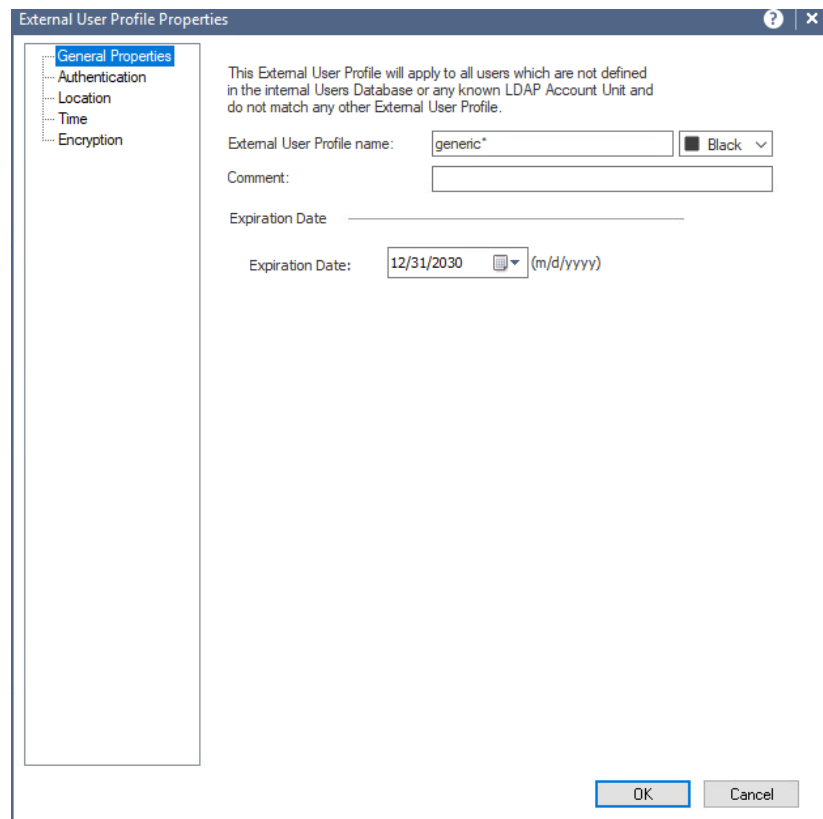


5. Go to Manage and Settings followed by Blades and then Click "Configure in SmartDashboard". The legacy SmartDashboard client will open.

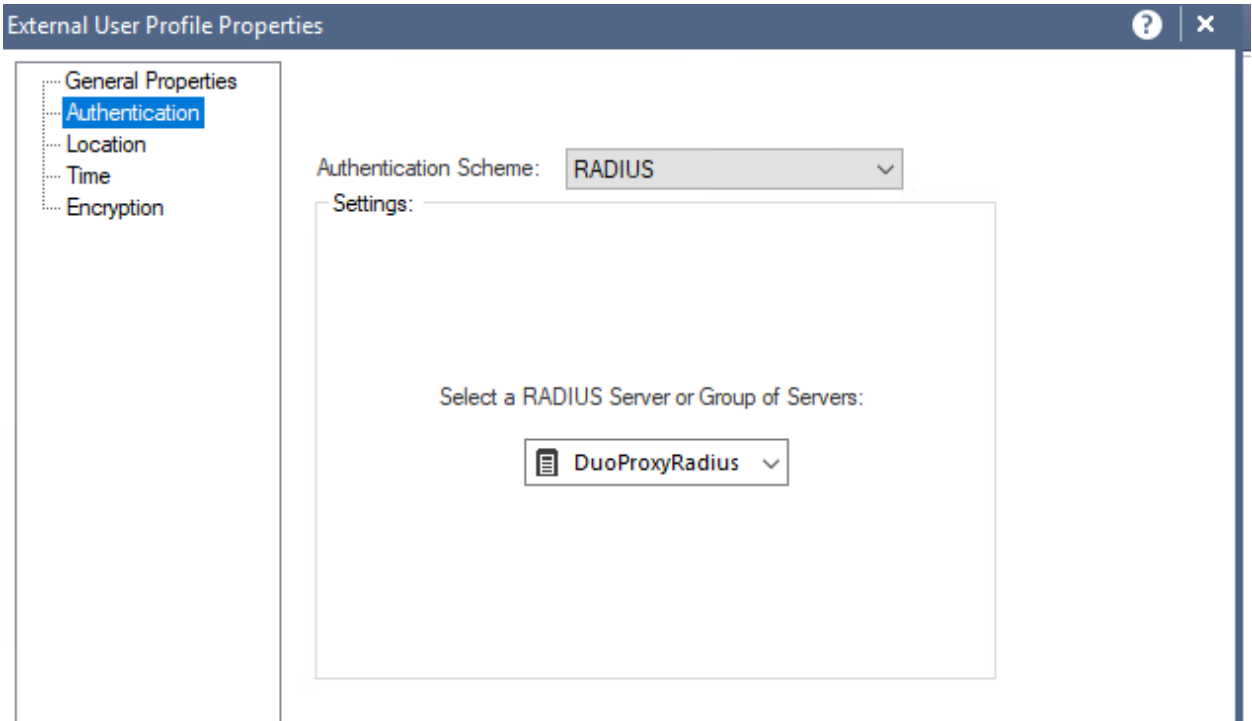




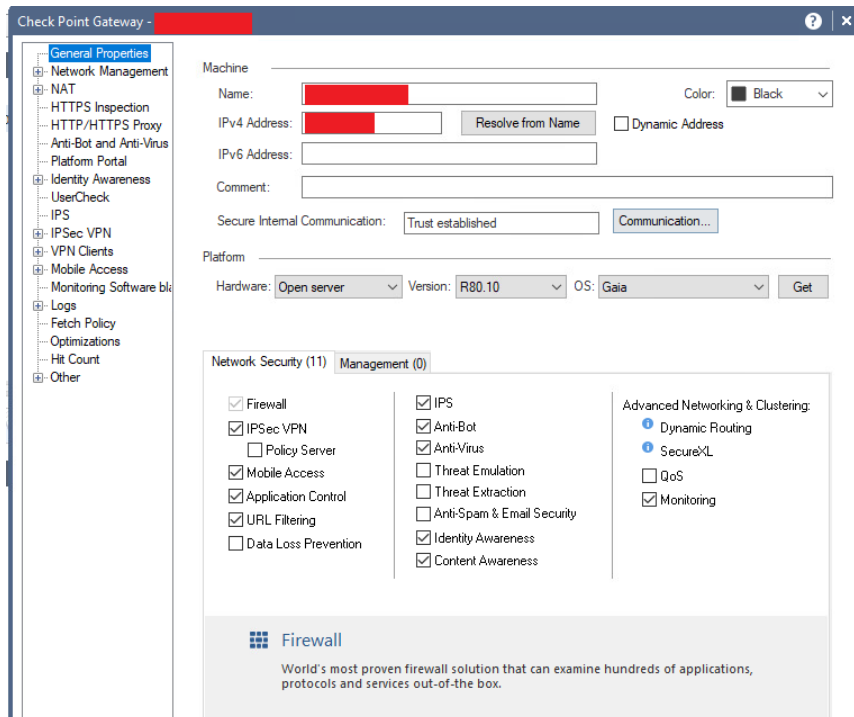
6. Click on the “User” icon in the Object Explorer in the bottom left. Then right click “External User Profiles” and select “New External User Profile > Match all users”.



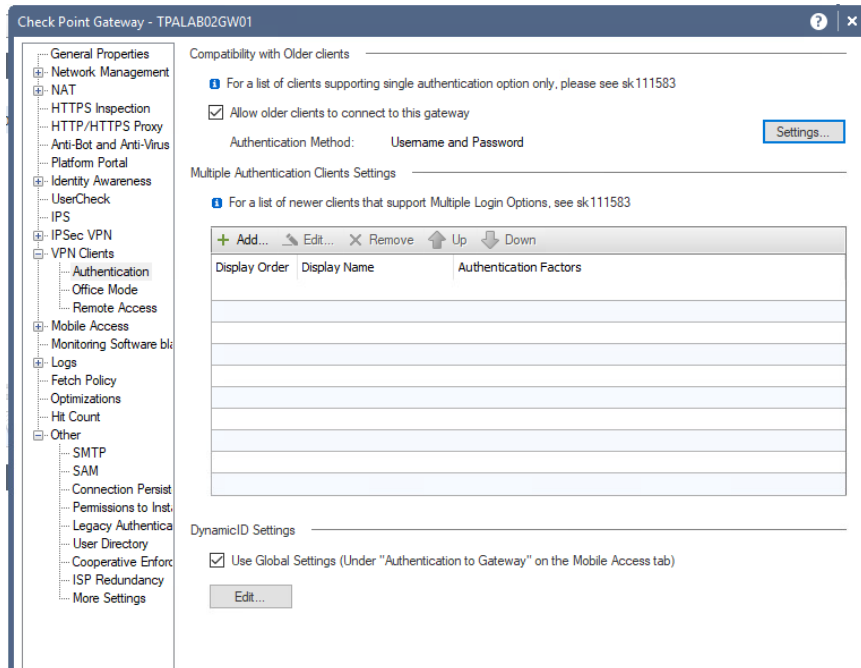
7. Select Authentication on the left pane. Change the Authentication Scheme to RADIUS and select the RADIUS server object you created in Step 4.



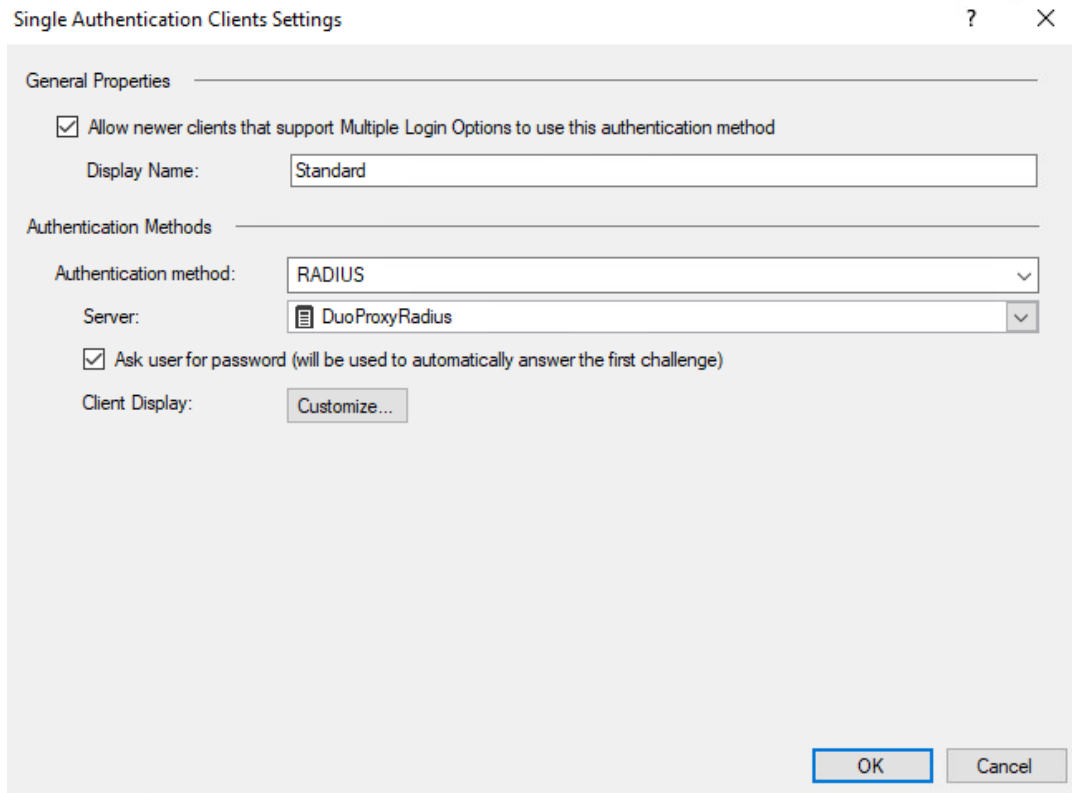
8. Click "OK" and save your changes. Then close the SmartDashboard window.
9. In SmartConsole, open the gateway object for your Remote Access VPN Gateway.



10. Select VPN Clients and expand the menu. Then click Authentication.

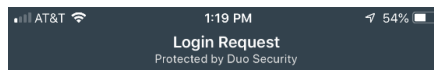
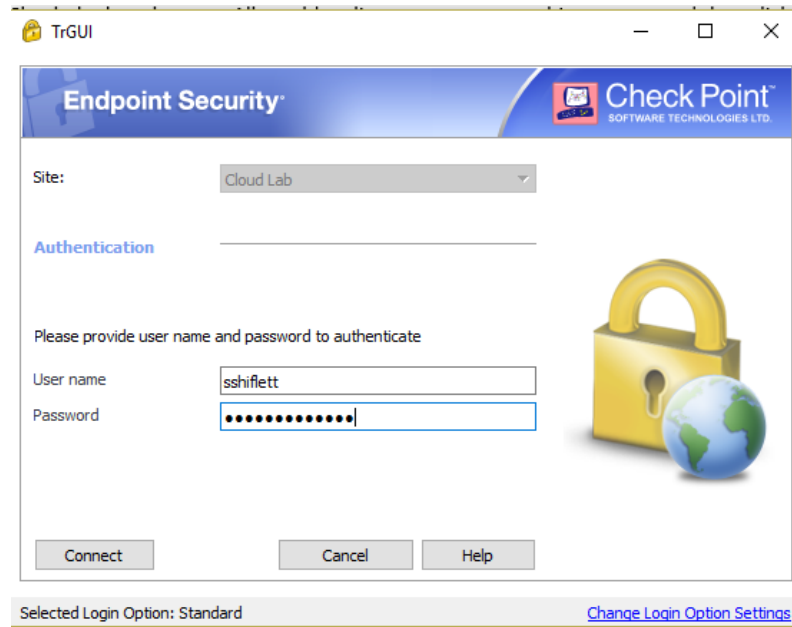


11. Check the box that says Allow older clients to connect to this gateway and then click Settings...



12. Select the RADIUS server you created in Step 4 as the server. Click OK.

13. Publish your changes and install policy to the Remote Access gateway. Your user should now be prompted for both their password via the Check Point client and an authorization via the DUO client.



ITSES Lab
Check Point VPN



1:19:42 PM EST
December 28, 2018



Additional Steps

At this point, your users should be able to use DUO to authenticate to the VPN. However, the default RADIUS timeouts are too short in some cases leading to users failing to approve the push notification in time. For this reason it is recommended that you increase the RADIUS timeout values according to sk102557. DUO also recommends the timeout settings found here https://help.duo.com/s/article/1170?language=en_US.