

# CHECK POINT SKYLINE DEPLOYMENT

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Dan Schneppenheim and Nick Zeigler

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#### **INTRODUCTION**

Skyline quickly and efficiently monitors your Check Point server with industry-standard software and protocols (OpenTelemetry, Prometheus and Grafana).

Skyline provides an OpenTelemetry CPView Agent service. The OpenTelemetry CPView Agent runs on Check Point server to collect and export health metrics from Check Point CPView tool to an external location.

There are four primary components:

**OpenTelemetry CPView Agent**: Runs on Check Point Servers. It is a service that queries CPView at defined intervals, collects the metrics, and exports them to an OpenTelemetry Collector.

**<u>NOTE</u>**: In this guide replace "username' with logged in user and "x.x.x.x" with the IP address of the Skyline Server.

**NOTE:** If you are copying and pasting the instructions, you may want to put them in a plain text document so you don't have to worry about formatting errors.



#### Check Point Gaia Devices

## **REQUIREMENTS**

Server		Description					
Check Point Server R80.40 and higher	With these min	imal Jumbo versions:					
<u> </u>	<ul> <li>Jumbo I</li> </ul>	Hotfix Accumulator for R81.20 – Take 8					
	<ul> <li>Jumbo I</li> </ul>	Hotfix Accumulator for R81.10 – Take 79					
	<ul> <li>Jumbo I</li> </ul>	Hotfix Accumulator for R81 – Take 77					
	<ul> <li>Jumbo I</li> </ul>	Hotfix Accumulator for R80.40 – Take 190					
	Note: When er	abled, the Skyline agent consumes					
	approximately	50MB of RAM.					
External Server to run Prometheus and Grafana	Prometh	neus					
	A third-p queries Databas	party software the collects, stores, and metrics with a dedicated Timeseries se.					
	The Pro Endpoir the data	metheus server exposes a Remote Write It to which data can be pushed and stores I in its local database.					
	Check F and hig	Point supports Prometheus version 2.37.1 ner.					
	Grafana						
	A third-p sources visualize alerts.	party software the connects to multiple data /databases [such as Prometheus] and es the data, builds graphs, dashboards, and					
	Check F higher.	Point supports Grafana version 9 and					

#### LINUX

In this guide we are using Linux version Ubuntu 22.04.02. Run through the standard installation and ensure that you give the system a static IP address as this will be used with the CPView Agent.

Ensure that you enable SSH on the Linux system for configuration purposes.

Ensure that you update your version of Linux completely after installation. With Ubuntu you would run the command apt-get update and apt-get upgrade.

#### **PROMETHEUS**

During this process we will download and configure Prometheus.

1. Use wget to download the Prometheus package.

```
wget
https://github.com/prometheus/prometheus/releases/download/v2.38.0/promethe
us-2.38.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz
```

2. Next we are going to create a few required directories. sudo mkdir /etc/prometheus

sudo mkdir /var/lib/prometheus

- 3. We will now extract the downloaded package using the TAR command. sudo tar xvf prometheus-2.38.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz
- We will now copy files from the extracted package into the directories that we created in step 2.

```
sudo cp prometheus-2.38.0.linux-amd64/prometheus /usr/local/bin/
sudo cp prometheus-2.38.0.linux-amd64/promtool /usr/local/bin/
sudo cp -r prometheus-2.38.0.linux-amd64/consoles /etc/prometheus
sudo cp -r prometheus-2.38.0.linux-amd64/console libraries /etc/prometheus
```

- 5. Next create a prometheus.yml file in the home directory. sudo touch ~/prometheus.yml
- 6. Start the Prometheus server with the following command. This will enable remote write to the server.

sudo prometheus --web.enable-remote-write-receiver

7. Open your web browser and navigate to Prometheus on your server ensuring you use port 9090.

http://x.x.x.x:9090



- 8. Once you have validated that the installation is complete you will need to CTRL-C to stop the service. In the next few steps, we will configure the service to start automatically.
- 9. Edit the prometheus.yml file located in /home/username/prometheus directory. sudo nano /home/username/prometheus-2.38.0.linux-amd64/prometheus.yml
- 10. Once you have nano open, add in the following at the end of the file. Change out the x.x.x.x for the IP address of your prometheus server.

```
- url: "http://x.x.x.x:9090/api/v1/write"
```

- 11. Next we will create the service file for Prometheus using the following commands. sudo touch /etc/systemd/system/prometheus.service sudo vi /etc/systemd/system/prometheus.service
- 12. Once vim is open, paste the following and save the file. Ensure that you change the "username" in the file paths to the logged in user.

```
[Unit]
Description=Prometheus Server
Documentation=https://prometheus.io/docs/introduction/overview/
After=network-online.target
```

[Service] User=root Restart=on-failure

```
ExecStart=/home/username/prometheus-2.38.0.linux-amd64/prometheus --
config.file=/home/username/prometheus-2.38.0.linux-amd64/prometheus.yml --
web.enable-remote-write-receiver
```

[Install] WantedBy=multi-user.target

13. Next we will be setting the service to start on boot, but using the following commands.

sudo systemctl daemon-reload sudo systemctl start prometheus sudo systemctl status prometheus sudo systemctl enable prometheus

14. A recommended reboot the Skyline server to ensure that everything starts a boot up.

### **GRAFANA**

During this process we will download and configure Grafana.

1. Download and install the Grafana dependencies, as they do not get automatically installed.

sudo apt-get install -y adduser libfontconfig1

- 2. Download the Grafana package. wget https://dl.grafana.com/enterprise/release/grafanaenterprise\_10.0.0\_amd64.deb
- 3. Install Grafana. sudo dpkg -i grafana-enterprise\_10.0.0\_amd64.deb
- 4. Set Grafana to auto start with system boot using the following commands.

```
sudo /bin/systemctl daemon-reload
sudo /bin/systemctl enable grafana-server
sudo /bin/systemctl start grafana-server
```

5. Open your web browser and navigate to Grafana ensuring you use port 3000. http://x.x.x.x:3000



- 6. Once you see the Grafana webpage, login with admin/admin and change the password.
- 7. Once you change the password. A recommended reboot your Skyline server to ensure that everything comes up smoothly.

## **CHECK POINT OPEN TELEMETERY**

- 1. Login into your Check Point server and then login to "expert"
- 2. Use the Touch command to create the payload file. touch payload-no-tls.json
- 3. Use VI and edit the payload file with the following information:

```
"enabled":true,
"export-targets": {"add": [
    {
        "enabled":true,
        "type": "prometheus-remote-write",
        "url": "http://x.x.x.x:9090/api/v1/write"
    }
   ]}
}
```

4. Run the following command to start sending CPView information to your Skyline server.

/opt/CPotelcol/REST.py --set\_open\_telemetry "\$(cat payload-no-tls.json)"

5. You should see an output similar to this if you did everything correctly. WARNING: For HTTPS/HTTP it is recommended to have both client and server authentication(Server can be default) {"message": "Operation has finished successfully"}

## **SETTING UP GRAFANA DASHBOARDS**

Next, we will set up the Grafana dashboards and finalize the configuration.

1. Download Granada Dashboards from sk178566.

Downloads

Package Name	Download Link	Prerequisite	Release Date			
Grafana Dashboards	🖄 (TGZ)	Skyline GA	24 October 2022			
Sample Payload File (no TLS)	🖄 (JSON)	Skyline GA	28 December 2022			
Sample Payload File (with TLS)	🖄 (JSON)	Skyline GA	28 December 2022			

- 2. Unpack the TGZ file and you should have 4 files in the package. In this example we will be using the CP Dashboard Single Machine.json file.
- 3. Log into Grafana (x.x.x.x:3000) and click on Connections on the menu dropdown.



4. Add a new connection by searching and selecting Prometheus.



5. Click on the Create Prometheus data source on the top right corner.

Version	From	Signature	
5.0.0	Grafana Labs	Core	Create a Prometheus data source

6. Add in the http information in the Prometheus server URL section.

HTTP						
Prometheus server URL	6	http://10.20.30.10:9090				
Allowed cookies	6	New tag (enter key to add)	Add			
Timeout	3	Timeout in seconds				

7. Scroll to the bottom of the page and click on the Save & Test button.

Successfully queried the Prometheus API.

Next, you can start to visualize data by building a dashboard, or by querying data in the Explore view.

8. Next we will import the dashboard that was download from user center. Click on the menu and select Dashboards.



9. On the right hand side, click the New button and select Import.



10. Drag the CP Dashboard - Single Machine.json file you downloaded from usercenter into the window. You screen should look something like this.



11. Select the Prometheus server you configured earlier in the Prometheus-1 section.

Prometheus-1		
🕒 Prome	heus	
Import	Cancel	

## 12. Click on Import.

13. If you have done everything correctly, you should see the overall system information of your Check Point device/server.

	Default ~		MGMT ~	Context: vs_id_0 ~									≡ Skylin	ie
~ System O	~ System Overview - Info / CPU / Mem / Disk													
Role 💿		ost	Version ③ R81.20	CPU Cores ③ 4	Policy Installed ③	CPU Bus	sy 🛈	RAM Used ①	SWAP Us 0	Root FS	O Logs FS	о тс	P Out Of State Dr ①	
Check Point Security Management	osi	Edition ① Gaia 64Bit	RAM Total ① 8.08 GB	Policy date ① No data	- 2	%		0% 50.		0.6%		No data		
Uptime ③		FW	build © 997000005	SWAP To ① 8.59 GB	CPU Load Comparison 💿		Top inter	faces - Receive 🔘	464 в	'	lop interfaces - Transr	nit © 224 b		
2.8	85 day	Har	tware ⊙ VMware	RootFS T ① 21.5 GB	2% {type="OTHER"}		{name_	_="system_network_i	interface_io_receive_rat	te", environ {	name="system_ne	twork_interface	e_io_transmit_rate", enviro.	
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40%							2 GB							
							1 GB							
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08:47:30 08:47:30 08:48:30 08:48:30 08:49:30 08:49:30 08:50:30 08:50:30 08:50:30 08:51:30 - Busy System - Busy User - Busy Iowait - Idle - R						— RAM U	Ised — RAM Free —	Swap Used	08,49,00	08.49.30 08.307	30 00.30.30	08.31.00 08.31.30		
Disk Space (	Percentage)						Network	Basic 💿						
100%														
80%							) ui /	$\sim$						